

## Bloodborne Pathogens: Post-Test

### Multiple Choice

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Infection control practices protect
  - a. patients
  - b. EMTs
  - c. EMTs' families
  - d. all of the above
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. In 1992, OSHA published Rule 1910.1030 regarding
  - a. noise exposure
  - b. asbestos removal
  - c. bloodborne pathogens
  - d. motor vehicle accidents
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The intent of OSHA 1910.1030 is to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure to
  - a. bloodborne pathogens
  - b. radiation
  - c. carbon monoxide
  - d. loud noise
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Which vaccinations is an element of OSHA 1910.1030?
  - a. tetanus
  - b. hepatitis B
  - c. diphtheria
  - d. influenza
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Common infectious illnesses that an EMT may encounter include
  - a. human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
  - b. Hodgkin's lymphoma
  - c. melanoma
  - d. leukemia
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Common infectious illnesses that an EMT may encounter include
  - a. malaria
  - b. tuberculosis
  - c. typhoid fever
  - d. tetanus
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Direct transmission of a disease means that the infectious agent
  - a. is carried directly through the air from patient to EMT
  - b. is passed through contact with the body and body substances
  - c. requires no insect vector
  - d. is ingested in food or water
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. The most common means of disease transmission is
  - a. direct
  - b. airborne
  - c. vehicle
  - d. vector
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. When a disease is transmitted by another living creature, that organism is referred to as a
  - a. zoonosis
  - b. vector
  - c. fomes
  - d. host
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which organ plays an important role in the defense of the body from disease?
  - a. liver
  - b. kidneys
  - c. skin
  - d. lungs
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Generally speaking, what is the best defense against disease?
  - a. a healthy body
  - b. personal protective equipment
  - c. immunizations
  - d. the immune system
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Defenses that the body develops in the blood (after an initial exposure to a microorganism) are called
  - a. attenuated
  - b. portal of entry
  - c. mucous
  - d. antibodies

- \_\_\_ 13. Diseases against which an EMT may **not** be vaccinated, but should be tested if exposed to include
- a. hepatitis B
  - b. HIV
  - c. tetanus
  - d. flu
- \_\_\_ 14. Diseases which an EMT can be immunized against include
- a. hepatitis B
  - b. tuberculosis
  - c. HIV
  - d. common cold (adenovirus)
- \_\_\_ 15. "Gear used to protect against exposure to disease or injury" best describes
- a. isolation suits
  - b. turnout coats
  - c. face shields and helmets
  - d. personal protective equipment
- \_\_\_ 16. Which body fluid is considered potentially infectious under universal standard precautions?
- a. tears
  - b. nasal discharge
  - c. vomitus
  - d. amniotic fluid
- \_\_\_ 17. PPE appropriate to the chief complaint of coughing includes
- a. gloves
  - b. gloves and mask
  - c. gloves, mask, and eyewear
  - d. gloves, mask, eyewear, and gown
- \_\_\_ 18. OSHA-mandated policies for the prevention, identification, treatment, and follow-up of infectious exposures in the workplace make up the agency's
- a. protocols
  - b. rules and regulations
  - c. infection control plan
  - d. medical records
- \_\_\_ 19. Potential exposures should be reported immediately because proper follow-up may include the need for immediate
- a. prophylaxis
  - b. notification of family
  - c. isolation
  - d. testing
- \_\_\_ 20. Used tissues should be discarded in
- a. regular waste
  - b. biohazard waste
  - c. sharps container
  - d. radioactive waste
- \_\_\_ 21. Used vaginal pads should be discarded in
- a. regular waste
  - b. biohazard waste
  - c. sharps container
  - d. radioactive waste
- \_\_\_ 22. IV needles should be discarded in
- a. regular waste
  - b. biohazard waste
  - c. sharps container
  - d. radioactive waste
23. What actions should an EMT take when an on-the-job significant exposure occurs?
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24. List several communicable diseases of particular concern to EMS.
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25. List several standard precautions for infection control.